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**Information technology — Open
Document Architecture (ODA) and
interchange format: Document structures**

*Technologies de l'information — Architecture des documents ouverts
(ODA) et format d'échange: Structures documentaires*



Reference number
ISO/IEC 8613-2:1995(E)

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Withdrawing

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work.

In the field of information technology, ISO and IEC have established a joint technical committee, ISO/IEC JTC 1. Draft International Standards adopted by the joint technical committee are circulated to national bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the national bodies casting a vote.

International Standard ISO/IEC 8613-2 was prepared by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, Subcommittee SC 18, *Document processing and related communication*, in collaboration with ITU-T. The identical text is published as ITU-T Rec. T.412.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 8613-2:1989), which has been technically revised.

ISO/IEC 8613 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Information technology — Open Document Architecture (ODA) and Interchange Format*:

- *Part 1: Introduction and general principles*
- *Part 2: Document structures*
- *Part 3: Abstract interface for the manipulation of ODA documents*
- *Part 4: Document profile*
- *Part 5: Open Document Interchange Format*
- *Part 6: Character content architectures*
- *Part 7: Raster graphics content architectures*
- *Part 8: Geometric graphics content architectures*
- *Part 9: Audio content architectures*
- *Part 10: Formal specifications*
- *Part 11: Tabular structures and tabular layout*
- *Part 12: Identification of document fragments*
- *Part 13: Spreadsheet*
- *Part 14: Temporal relationships and non-linear structures*

Annexes A and H form an integral part of this part of ISO/IEC 8613. Annexes B to G and I to K are for information only.

Introduction

This ITU-T Recommendation | International Standard was prepared as a joint publication by ITU-T Study Group 8 and ISO/IEC Joint Technical Committee 1.

At present, the ITU-T Recs. in the T.410-Series | International Standard ISO/IEC 8613 consist of:

- Introduction and general principles;
- Document structures;
- Document profile;
- Open document interchange formats;
- Character content architectures;
- Raster graphics content architectures;
- Geometric graphics content architectures;
- Formal specification of the Open Document Architecture (FODA).

(The formal specification is applicable to ISO/IEC 8613 only).

Further Recommendations | International Standards may be added to this series of ITU-T Recommendations | International Standards.

Development of this series of ITU-T Recommendations | International Standards was originally in parallel with the ECMA-101 standard: Open Document Architecture.

This series of ITU-T Recommendations | International Standards is a new edition of the CCITT T.410-Series Recommendations (1988) and ISO 8613 (1989).

Significant technical changes are the inclusion of the following amendments as agreed by ITU-T and ISO/IEC:

- Alternative Representation;
- Annex on use of MHS/MOTIS;
- Colour;
- Conformance Testing Annex;
- Document Application Profile Proforma and Notation;
- Security;
- Streams;
- Styles;
- Tiled Raster Graphics.

In addition, a number of technical corrigenda have been applied.

This ITU-T Recommendation | International Standard contains eleven annexes:

- Annex A – Notation used to represent document structures (integral);
- Annex B – Examples of document structures (non-integral);
- Annex C – Examples of particular document architecture features (non-integral);
- Annex D – The defaulting mechanism (non-integral);
- Annex E – Attribute summary tables (non-integral);
- Annex F – Overview of alternative description, technical and implementation aspects (non-integral);
- Annex G – Further information on security aspects within a document (non-integral);
- Annex H – Conversions between the reference colour space and the interchange spaces (integral);
- Annex I – Definitions of colour terms (non-integral);
- Annex J – Colour concepts (non-integral);
- Annex K – Bibliography on colour (non-integral).

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ITU-T RECOMMENDATION

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY — OPEN DOCUMENT ARCHITECTURE (ODA) AND INTERCHANGE FORMAT: DOCUMENT STRUCTURES

1 Scope

The purpose of the ITU-T Rec. T.410-Series | ISO/IEC 8613 is to facilitate the interchange of documents.

In the context of these Recommendations | International Standards, documents are items such as memoranda, letters, invoices, forms and reports, which may include pictures and tabular material. The content elements used within the documents may include graphic characters, raster graphics elements and geometric graphics elements, all potentially within one document.

NOTE – These Recommendations | International Standards are designed to allow for extensions, including hypermedia features, spreadsheets and additional types of content such as audio and video.

In addition to the content types defined in these Recommendations | International Standards, ODA also provides for arbitrary content types to be included in documents.

These Recommendations | International Standards apply to the interchange of documents by means of data communications or the exchange of storage media.

These Recommendations | International Standards provide for the interchange of documents for either or both of the following purposes:

- to allow presentation as intended by the originator;
- to allow processing, such as editing and reformatting.

The composition of a document in interchange can take several forms:

- formatted form, allowing presentation of the document;
- processable form, allowing processing of the document;
- formatted processable form, allowing both presentation and processing of the document.

These Recommendations | International Standards also provide for the interchange of ODA information structures used for the processing of interchanged documents.

This ITU-T Recommendation | International Standard:

- defines a document architecture intended for representation of documents;
- defines a document processing model;
- defines the document structures, the basic constituents of the architecture and a descriptive representation of these in terms of attributes;
- defines an interface which allows the use of different content architectures with the document architecture;
- defines the reference model of the document layout process;
- defines the reference model of the document imaging process;
- defines the reference model for protecting parts of a document;
- defines three document architecture classes;
- defines a notation used for illustrating and describing document structures;
- provides examples of document structures;
- provides examples of particular document attributes.

2 Normative references

The following ITU-T Recommendations and International Standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this Recommendation | International Standard. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this Recommendation | International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent edition of the Recommendations and Standards listed below. Members of ISO and IEC maintain registers of currently valid International Standards. The ITU-T Secretariat maintains a list of currently valid ITU-T Recommendations.

2.1 Identical Recommendations | International Standards

- ITU-T Recommendation T.411 (1993) | ISO/IEC 8613-1:1994, *Information technology – Open Document Architecture (ODA) and interchange format: Introduction and general principles.*
- ITU-T Recommendation T.414 (1993) | ISO/IEC 8613-4:1994, *Information technology – Open Document Architecture (ODA) and interchange format: Document Profile.*
- ITU-T Recommendation T.415 (1993) | ISO/IEC 8613-5:1994, *Information technology – Open Document Architecture (ODA) and interchange format: Open Document Interchange Format.*
- ITU-T Recommendation T.416 (1993) | ISO/IEC 8613-6:1994, *Information technology – Open Document Architecture (ODA) and interchange format: Character content architectures.*
- ITU-T Recommendation T.417 (1993) | ISO/IEC 8613-7:1994, *Information technology – Open Document Architecture (ODA) and interchange format: Raster graphics content architectures.*
- ITU-T Recommendation T.418 (1993) | ISO/IEC 8613-8:1994, *Information technology – Open Document Architecture (ODA) and interchange format: Geometric graphics content architectures.*

2.2 Paired Recommendations | International Standards equivalent in technical content

- CCITT Recommendation X.208 (1988), *Specification of Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1);*
ISO/IEC 8824:1990, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Specification of Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1).*

2.3 Additional references

- ISO 2846:1975, *Set of printing inks for offset printing – Colorimetric characteristics.*
- ISO 3664:1975, *Photography – Illumination conditions for viewing colour transparencies and their reproductions.*
- ISO/IEC 6937:1994, *Information technology – Coded graphic character set for text communication – Latin alphabet.*
- CIE Publication S002:1986, *Colorimetric Observers.*
- CIE Publication 15.2:1986, *Colorimetry.*
NOTE – CIE = International Commission on Illumination.
- ANSI PH2.30-1985, *Graphic Arts and Photographic Viewing Conditions for Color Prints, Transparencies and Photomechanical Reproduction.*
- SMPTE Recommended Practice RP37:1969, *Color Temperature for Color Television Studio Monitors.*
- SMPTE Recommended Practice RP145:1986, *Color Monitor Colorimetry.*